

# Financial Soundness Indicators: Analytical Aspects and Country Practices; 9781589060869; 2002; 111 pages; International Monetary Fund; International Monetary Fund, 2002

countries about the types of indicators they needed, the availability of the data, and the standards they used for compiling the data. There was a very strong response from over 100 countries, allowing the IMF to identify a core set of financial soundness indicators that all countries should compile, and an encouraged set of important indicators that countries might choose to compile depending on national circumstances. Table 1 Financial soundness indicators: the core and encouraged sets. Core Set. Deposit takers Capital adequacy. A compilation methodology that is best suited for their analytical needs. The diversity of methodologies used to compile FSIs further emphasized the importance of adequate metadata. Monetary & Financial Statistics: February 2004 An introduction to Financial Soundness Indicators By Andrew Moorhouse Tel: (020) 7601 4069 Email: [email protected] Introduction Financial Soundness Indicators (FSIs) are statistical measures for monitoring the financial health and soundness of a country's financial sector, and its corporate and household counterparts. The IMF are preparing a Compilation Guide for Financial Soundness Indicators to assist compilation by member countries. As well as listing the prospective indicators, the Guide will provide comprehensive guidance on the concepts and definitions. Appendix 4: Financial Soundness Indicators for Georgia: Change to the Current Financial Soundness Indicators List. Appendix 5: Data Issues and Comparability: Georgia and Viet Nam. 17 Practices in the Collection, Compilation, and Dissemination of FSIs. 20 Trends in Core and Encouraged FSIs. Financial Soundness Indicators: The Core and Encouraged Sets 7 Summary Statistics 10 Pairwise Correlations between Variables 10 Pooled Logit Regression Results 11 Odds Ratios for Pooled Logit Regression Results 12 Pooled Logit Regression Results 13 Financial Market Resources, % of Gross Domestic Product 17 Minimum Capital Ratios, % 22.